

CO-Minor-IN/QUEST II Final workshop

Co-funded by the Justice Programme of the European Union



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Final workshop

Semi-structured interviews with children Katalin Balogh (KU Leuven)





The voice of the children



CO-Minor-IN/QUEST II Final workshop (20 June 2018) JUST/2015/JTRA/AG/EJTR/8678





Methodology

- Explanation for the children about the experiment
- Short movie on pickpocket
- "Interviewer" comes into the room and starts to speak in FL – interpreter translates and uses two "modes" : consecutive and simultaneous – questions prepared beforehand according to the "free narratives" (see Hans de Wiest): let the child speak as much as possible
- Short break
- Interview about the communication with the interpreter





Methodology

- 1 'interviewer': foreign language
- 1 trained (?) interpreter
- 1 observer
- 1 researcher-interviewer
- 1 back-up researcher / observer
- +/- 10 children per country (1 Deaf child in BE)





Questions

- Personal feelings
- The **role/relation** between the interviewer and interpreter and their task
 - \circ whether they know each other
 - \circ to whom did you tell everything
 - \circ who listened most carefully

Capacity

- \circ Why was the interpreter there
- Could you understand everything/Could you say everything you wanted?
- Positioning and interpreting mode
 - Whispering/consecutive interpreting/notes of the interpreter/preference?





Questions

Technical implementation

 \circ $\,$ Would you prefer to have communicated in the same language?

• Trust

 If you had a secret/drawing, with which person would you share it?

• **Special remarks** (google translate/mystery of a foreign language)





Answers

Personal feelings

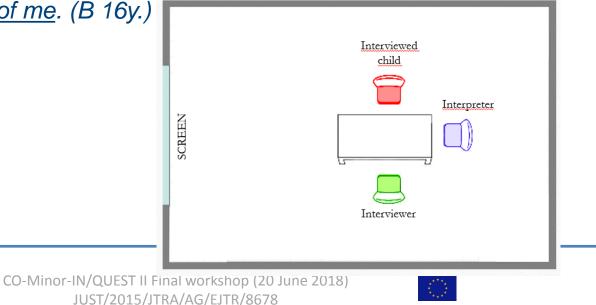
- Most of the children found it a positive experience
- And in between the questions she also often said '<u>ah yes, and</u> [name of the child]' and so on. So she also mentioned my name, and I liked her saying that sometimes, because then I know I feel at ease and it also means that she knows who I am. (G 17 y.)
- Strange situation, a bit excited
- HU: unusual, annoying situation





Answers - Positioning

- Most of the children chose the position where the interpreter and the foreign language speaker were sitting next to each other
- I could give my answers to both of them. (...) face to face instead of... Imagine that the interpreter would be setting here, next to me, in that case, if I choose to talk to the interpreter, then I would not really be talking to the interviewer. And that is maybe a bit, yeah... Not really, yeah... (...) Etiquette, I don't know, uncomfortable. (...) So it was good that both of them were sitting in front of me. (B 16y.)





Answers – Interpreting mode

• Comparable trends: **consecutive? whispering?**

	Whispering		Consecutive		l don't know	
Belgium	3	5	5		3	
France	1	5	5		3	
Hungary	annoying	+	+++			
Italy	rude	-	+++			

• <u>Hungary:</u> 'It really annoyed me. I stopped after one sentence' (Participant 4.) 'it was so weird. We never whisper at home or at school. It was really uncomfortable. In my class the boys sometimes whisper and I hate it that I never know what they are talking about. I didn't know what Zs (interpreter) said, it's possible that she used different words from what I said.'





Answers

Who listened most carefully to you?

	Interpreter	Interviewer	Both	I don't know
Belgium	1	2	7	2
France	2	2	3	1
Hungary	+++		\cup	
Italy			+++	







To whom did you tell everything?

	Interp	reter Int	erviewer	Both	I don't know
Belgium	9	0		2	0
France		1		6	
Hungary	3	1			6
Italy	++++				

- <u>France:</u> Interpreter would pose very different questions, giving his/her own answers instead of those given by the child and would make mistakes.
- <u>Hungary:</u> It was not easy to decide whom to talk to.





Answers

Imagine you had a secret: which person would you tell it to?

	Interpreter		Interviewer	Both	l don't know
Belgium	10		2		3
France	4		3		1
Hungary	\smile	(+++		
Italy				+++	

- <u>Hungary:</u> 'even if I knew the interpreter, I would still tell my secret to the interviewer.'
- The interpreter might want to abuse the information
- The interviewer is more important than the interpreter; the interviewer is on her side
- <u>Other countries</u>:
- Only the interpreter speaks the language of the child:

If I would try to explain this in Hungarian... or in English or so, then perhaps it would be less clear (...) *than if I could tell it to the interpreter.* (B 16y.)





Conclusion

- Importance of positive attitude of the foreign language speaker:

 kindness,
 - o eye contact,
 - o saying 'hallo',
 - o calling the child by his/her name etc.
 - **!Training of the interpreter!**







